

Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June-July 2009

Network Analysis

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note: Answer any FIVE full question, selecting atleast two question from each part.

Part A

- 1 a. Three impedances are connected in star. Obtain expressions for their delta connected equivalent. Also find the star equivalent of the following circuit shown in figure Q1 (b). (09 Marks)

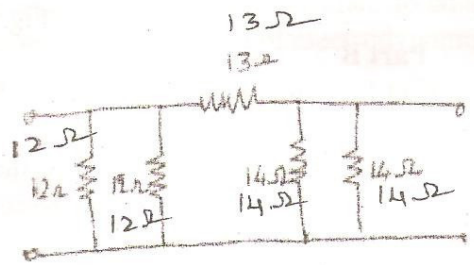


Fig. Q1 (a)

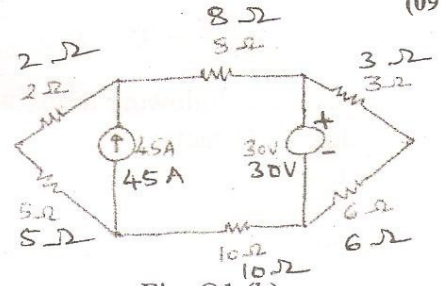


Fig. Q1 (b)

- b. Reduce the network shown in figure Q1 (c) to a single voltage source in series with a resistance using source shift and source transformation. (06 Marks)
- c. Solve for $i_0(t)$ using mesh analysis in the network shown in figure Q1 (c). (05 Marks)

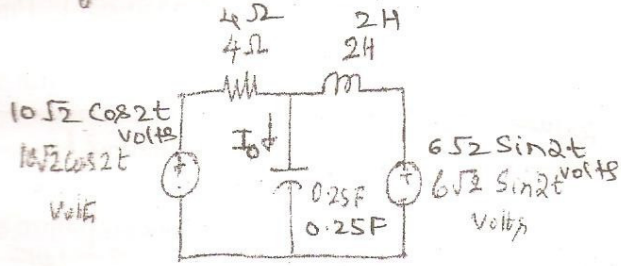


Fig. Q1 (c)

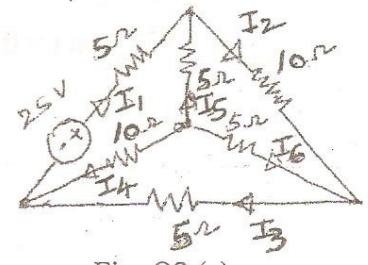


Fig. Q2 (c)

- 2 a. Define the following terms as applied to network topology with suitable examples, i) tree and co-tree. ii) Planar and non-planar graphs. (04 Marks)
- b. The reduced incidence matrix of a graph is given below. Draw the oriented graph corresponding to the same. (03 Marks)

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- c. For the network shown in figure Q2 (c), write the tie-set schedule selecting center star as tree and find all branch currents by solving equilibrium equation. (09 Marks)
- d. Define the term duality as applied to networks. Give suitable example. (04 Marks)

- 3 a. State and explain reciprocity theorem. (06 Marks)
- b. Find the current through load impedance $Z_L = 15 \angle -30^\circ \Omega$ using Millmans theorem in the circuit shown in figure Q3 (b). (06 Marks)

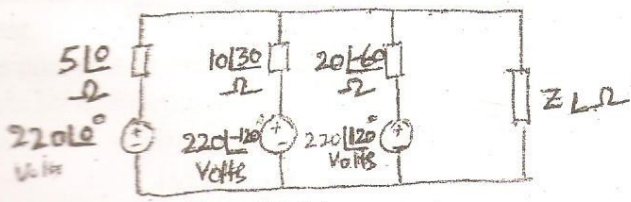


Fig. Q3 (b)

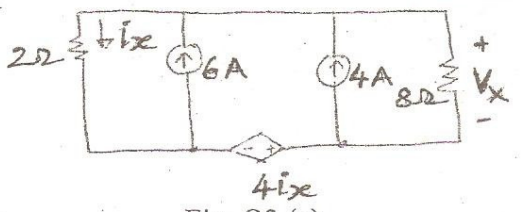


Fig. Q3 (c)

- c. Use Superposition theorem to find V_x in the circuit shown in figure Q3 (c). (08 Marks)

- 4 a. State and prove Thevenins theorem. Show that Thevenins equivalent circuit is the dual of Nortons equivalent circuit. (10 Marks)
 b. Find the value of R_L for which power transferred to the load is maximum and maximum power. Also establish the condition for maximum power transfer. (10 Marks)

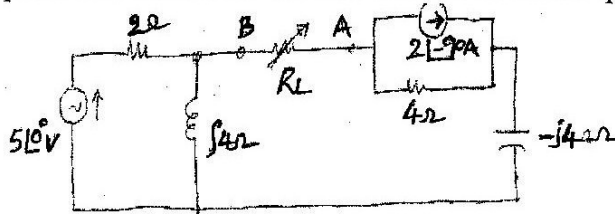


Fig. Q4 (b)

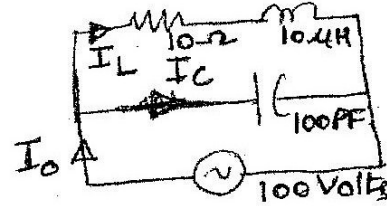


Fig. Q5 (c)

Part B

- 5 a. Explain the following terms with respect to series resonant circuit i) Selectivity and Band width ii) Q-factor. (05 Marks)
 b. In a series resonant circuit, show that resonant frequency is equal to the geometric mean of half power frequencies. (07 Marks)
 c. For the parallel resonant circuit shown in figure Q5 (c), find I_0 , I_L , I_C , f_0 and dynamic resistance. (08 Marks)
- 6 a. Explain the transient behaviour of the resistance, inductance and capacitance. Also explain the procedure for evaluating transient behaviour. (08 Marks)
 b. For the circuit shown in figure Q6 (b), the switch 'K' is changed from position 1 to position 2 at $t = 0$, steady state condition having been reached in position 1. Find the values of i , $\frac{di}{dt}$ and $\frac{d^2i}{dt^2}$ at $t = 0$. (07 Marks)

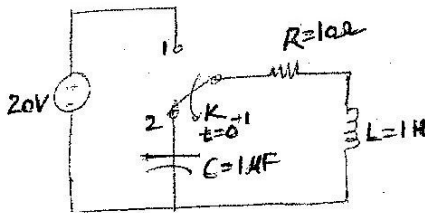


Fig. Q6 (b)

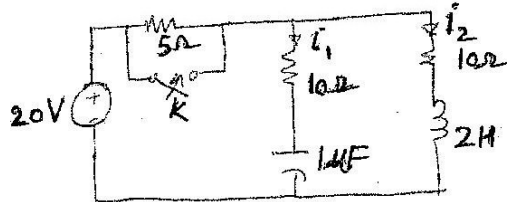


Fig. Q6 (c)

- c. In the network shown in figure Q6 (c), the switch 'K' is opened at $t = 0$ after the network has attained steady state the switch is closed. Find i_1 , i_2 at $t = 0+$ (05 Marks)
- 7 a. State and prove initial and final value theorem with suitable examples. (08 Marks)
 b. Find the Laplace transform of the waveform shown in Fig. Q7 (b). (06 Marks)

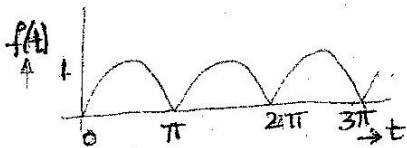


Fig. Q7 (b)

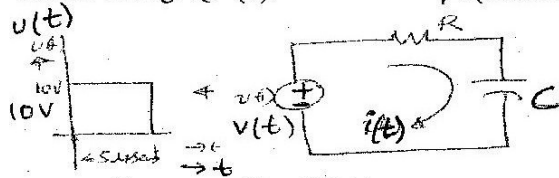


Fig. Q7 (c)

- c. A voltage pulse of 10 V magnitude is applied to RC network shown in figure Q7 (c). Find the current $i(t)$ of $R = 10 \Omega$ and $C = 0.05 \mu F$ for the circuit. (06 Marks)
- 8 a. Express h – parameters in terms of z-parameters and establish the same. (08 Marks)
 b. Explain symmetry and reciprocity property of two port networks. (04 Marks)
 c. Find the z-parameters of the network shown in figure Q8 (c). (08 Marks)

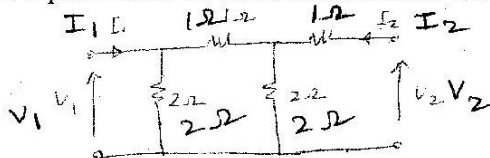


Fig. Q8 (c)